

Umax SuperMac C500/140

System ract officet			
Introduced: August 1996 Discontinued: May 1997 Gestalt ID: Form Factor: SuperMac C500 Weight (lbs.): 16 Dimensions (inches): 4 H x 13.75 W x 16 D Codename: Oder Number: KB Article #: Called the Apus 2000 in the UK	Max. Watts: Amps: BTU Per Hour: Voltage Range: 100-240 V Freq'y Range (Hz): 50-60 Hz Battery Type: 3.6V lithium Soft Power Monitor Power Outlet		ADB: 1 Video: DB-15 Floppy: none SCSI: DB-25 GeoPort Connectors: 2 Ethernet: 10Base-T PCI Microphone Port Type: Printer Speaker Modem Headphone Airport Remote Control
Naximum Color Bit-depth At:			
Main Processor: 603e, 140 MHz PMMU: none FPU: none Data Path: , 40 MHz L1 Cache: 32K L2 Cache: 256K-1MB Secondary Processor: none Slots: 2 PCI		Memory on Logic Board: 16MB Minimum RAM: 16 or 32 Maximum RAM: 144 MB RAM Slots: 2 168-pin Minimum RAM Speed: 70 ns RAM Sizes: 32, 64 MB Install in Groups of: 1 (16 MB on motherboard), expandable to 144 MB using two 168-pin DIMMs and 70ns or faster 5 volt EDO or fast-page (FPM) DRAM. When upgrading RAM, avoid 4K refresh memory, choosing 2K memory	
Addressing Modes: 32-bit Original SSW: 7.5.3 Original Enabler:	Recognition Supported ROM ROM Versi ROM S AppleTalk Versi	Suppo 	orted Macintosh System Software: UX 1.0
Killf-in Wicronhone	ype: l In: stereo, 16-bit Out: stereo, 16-bit		Floppy Size: 1.44MB Floppy Inject: manual Internal HD Size: 1.2, 3GB Internal HD Interface: Original CD-ROM Speed: 8x rd Disk Toolkit that ships with the SuperMac with Mac OS 8 or later. You must use version
The C500 was Umax's entry level computer, perhaps the model that best met their corporate goal of making quality Mac OS computers at prices that could give PCs a run for their money. It may have been the least expensive Mac OS computer of its era. Initially introduced at 140 MHz, by the end of the line Umax was selling 240 MHz models. The C500 was designed around a modified Tanzania motherboard. Not only was the C500 affordable, but it was the least expensive Maclone with an upgradable CPU (and the first to use a ZIF socket).			

Note: n/a = information not available or not applicable